

Examiners' Report

Summer 2016

Pearson Edexcel GCE in History (WHI01) Paper 1D

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Principal Examiner Report 2016 <u>iA Level History</u> <u>WHI01 1A/1B/1C/1D: International Advanced Subsidiary</u> WHI01 1D Britain 1964-90

WHI01 is a new International Advanced Subsidiary examination that is part of the new iA Level History qualification, and was examined for the first time this summer. WHI01 (unit 1) is a Depth Study with Interpretations, and comprises four options; 1A France in Revolution 1774-99, 1B Russia in Revolution 1881-1917, 1C Germany 1918-45, and 1D Britain 1964-90. The assessment criteria for all the options, and questions are AO1 and AO3, and all the options, and questions are covered by a generic mark scheme, based on Level descriptors.

Although, at this early stage in the life of the qualification, the entry for this unit was quite low, it was encouraging to see that there were entries for all of the four options. Paper 1A had 21 candidates, Paper 1B had 39 candidates, Paper 1C had 85 candidates and Paper 1D had 23 candidates.

This report will have comments on all of the four options and questions, but it is important that centres take on board some generic comments which are based on the marking of this summer's cohort, and consider and apply these when preparing candidates for future examinations in these options.

- WHI01 is both a study in depth and a study of interpretations, and it is necessary for candidates to do both, at all levels in the mark scheme, in order to score marks. Ignoring the stated view in the question, and merely writing information that may be relevant to the general focus of the question does not fully meet the criteria for Level 1, and consequently none of the other levels. Even at Level 1 the mark scheme expects simple or generalised consideration of the stated view in the question. Some candidates paid very little attention to the stated view (ignoring it completely or sometimes only referring to it in the conclusion) and narrated or described other information that was either relevant or not to the actual question.
- Across all of the options, in candidate responses, there was very little evidence seen of planning. As the examination is two hours long, implying that candidates might divide that time equally between the two essays they choose, it would seem sensible to devote some time (possibly no more than 10 minutes per question) to planning each question. That would hopefully ensure that when the answer is written the stated view is considered (Level 2, 3 and 4 all require to varying degrees understanding, analysis and exploration of the given view) and then other factors/views can follow, which will then allow the candidate to establish some criteria with which they are able to consider the importance, or not, of the given view and make some judgements. Those candidates who planned (this appeared on their examination script before they answered the question) invariably scored better than candidates who had not planned. Planned answers tended to score at the top of Level 3 and into, and including the top, of Level 4, whereas unplanned answers meandered and judgements tended to be stated, rather than supported by valid criteria, and often achieved marks at the Level 2 and Level 3 boundary or below.
- The need to stress to candidates that in examination situations they must read the question carefully, and not take the question as an opportunity to write all they know about the topic, or answer a question they would have preferred that is near to the actual question, but not the actual question. This was particularly evident in the Germany paper, and particularly the question about the role of Hitler.

- It was noted that a few candidates did not indicate which question they had answered first and which question they had answered second. While this did not mean that their responses were not marked, candidates are expected to indicate which questions they answer.
- There was some evidence of candidates running out of time, but they were very few. Impressing the need to plan essays in the examination is surely the remedy to this problem given the amount of time candidates actually have.

Option 1D Britain 1964-90

- This paper had the third largest number of candidate entries: 23.
- Question 3 proved to be the most popular, followed by question 2, question 1 and question 4.
- In question 1 candidates were able to consider changes to the law on censorship, and
 other factors and then make judgements about what was the main reason why Britain
 became a permissive society. Some candidates even went further and discussed within
 those factors the extent to which Britain did become a more permissive society, and
 while this was not a requirement of the question it was rewarded.
- In question 2 many candidates were well versed in the reasons for the problems in the British economy in the 1970s, and were able to judge the use of strike action against many other factors when reaching a conclusion. This question was particularly well answered by many candidates.
- The example below scored a high mark in Level 4. The stated view is considered, other reasons are also considered and judged against the stated view, and a judgement is made. Knowledge is deployed that has range and depth.

Chosen question number:	Question 1 🛚	Question 2 🚿
	Question 3 🖾	Question 4 🗵
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is cuts in pu	blic spendin	a resulted in many problems
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2	→ pam	d description



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(This page is for your first answer)

During the 1970s Britain experienced a time vasilty paterised to the "Swinging Sixties" with higher inflation, millions of working days lost to a strikes and many ather detrinental economic effects. Some Historians allocate blame to the Trade Unions, and ensured millions of working days were lost enterested Howard, three are other explanations to seen as the stop-go economics undertaken by Heath in this infamous Uturn and Callaghavis IMF crisis that threatened the devaluation of the British pound. Although the Trade Unions had the most economic impact an Britain in the 70's the Heath's Uturn and The IMF crisis should not be ignored as contributes to the economic distress facing Britain in 1970-1979.

Fallowing Track Union & victory in 1969, when Harald Wilson's leadership was threatened by TV Grade Union) rejection of the In Place of Strife white paper, the tracke unions had begun to gain confidence. Using their 1969 victory as your to their ego's trade union strike action electry cominated the 1970s with two munes strikes (1972, 1974) and other infamous notional strike in 1978-1979. The 3-day week ophenomenon experienced under Prime Minister Edward Health in 1972 resulted in a whopping 23 million working days last due to Strike action. Health's policy of maintaining inflation was by ensiring payrises rever went above 52. The Yam Kippur War in Israel led to an OPEC croses that pushed oil privas up. Because With oil being expensive, each was Britains and

(This page is for your first answer) remaining power supply and the TUs took advantage of this by taking strike action until wages were increased by 42%. From When Scabs threatened their stance, the Minew surrounded the country biggest cake refinery in Birmingham, percing them to dose their doors drawing a half to mine e- coal poduction noutionwide. Furthermone, this lack at energy lad to the the Prime Minister Heath's threeday week whorein electricity could only be used for a 3 day working week. As a result of this, television programming enclock and 10:30 pm, nationwide speed limit lowered to 50mpn, most houses relied on mainly concle light and Authorities also good bagon printing stamps in preparation for aid rationing. The power at the mining trade unious is under was undertable in this school in and illustrates their per reigning injunce of the British Economy.

Despite the weight of the miner strike on British Economy, the Winter of Discontent strike on British following eather national strike in 1978-1979 was equally if not more had equal if not more regadine influence on Bottom the 1970s British economy. Prime Minister Callaghan's wage restrictive palicy glared all controlling inflation, with wage increases not set to go higher than 52, did not sit well with the nations worker rescuting in 29 million working days lost to strikes. The devostations effects of the strike can be illustrated by the strike of 80 liverpollian

(This page is for your first answer) grave diggers, resulting in the Liverpool City Cancil having to hive a factory to Store bodies that werend being baried. Afterne time of the work reported that being looked in the factory with an average of 25 being abbed each day. The grave diggers won their desired 920 wags increase due to the hygenic issue of decaying a bare grand. Many other unions won their desired wage increases such as the Larry drivers 208 increase. These devastating affects aused by Trade Union Strike action in the 1970s further illustrates their crucial rale in Britains 1979 eronomic decline.

Despite these extravagant images displayed by TU power, there were after causes for Birtains 1970s Economic disaster. For example, Prime Minister Edward's Heath's information U-turn displayed the detrimental effects of sudden Changes in economic palicy. His initial Quest revalution of spending cuts and privatisation disht achieve the economic aims he predicted. There were cuts in the education sector, with Education Secretary Margret Thatched being lableled as the "Mulk Snatcher" by The Sen for removing free milk in primary schools and 100,000 senior citizans being affected by cuts in peusion. Preciption medicine, dentines and spectacles flusion were previously free under the NHS become a priced commodity. These dramatic acts were Health the usualisation of the mareterist

(This page is for your first answer) "Selsoan mon" image & and rescuted in menuplayment being above 1 million is forthe first time in approximately 2 decades. His then sudden change economic palicy left the economy somewhat confused with £2.5 billion pounds being glad into the economy and privatisation of jailing businesses such as Paulo Royce nationalish of failing basinesses such as Pally Ruyce and Ship building comprises undoing any assistance made to inflution in the 'Barber Boom' undoing any assistance given to the countres high inflation of approximately 202. However, inemplayment was eventually brought dawn to sos sos by the end of the his term in 1974. # fleath's not so quiet revolution ted to a good princing a good princing with his irresponsible be of stop-go economics. Furthermore, & Callaghor's IMF crisis & Controller espenie crosso was chather detiment to British economy in the 70s that was unrelated to Trade Union. Dut to excessive debt accumulated over time Confrom the US in the 1950s) and Balance of Payment deficits created by Britain indudevloped including, there was a great need for a loon. This croped Prime Minister Callagian to request the biggest IMF locuryet, £3.5 billion pounds to help neutrollise Britains eronomic problems, especially to considering the pound had been devalued to its lawest. The loan honever required a 20% cut in public spending which we know from Hooth's



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(This page is for your first answer) era way a very necessary element
in British economics to maintain employment. Although
minute in comparison to the cether it was still
a very important element in British economics in the 70%.
To encapsulate, Trade Union strike swas the main
necoon for Strike proddens in the British Economy in the
70s. This is especially evident in the biggest crises in
British history youllowing WWI; the 3-day week and
the Wintr of discontent. There were however ather
contribution to Britain's economic decline such as
Hocith's U-turn and Callaghais IMF orisis but the
consistent threat by Tracke union strikes and millions
of lost working days a result, its importance outwargus
that aj one rival feature.

- In question 3 many candidates were well versed in the reasons why Margaret Thatcher fell from power in 1990 and were able to analyse and evaluate a range of other reasons, and judge them against the introduction of the Poll Tax and the effect it had.
- In question 4 many candidates noticed that is was not just about the 1960s, and included the 1970s. Those that focused only on the 1960s limited their access to the higher levels of the mark scheme.
- The example below scored a high mark in Level 4. The stated view is considered, and the idea of 'limited' is analysed and evaluated before a judgement is made. Knowledge is deployed that has range and depth.

hosen question number:	-	tion with a cross ⊠. Question 2 □
,	Question 3 🖾	Question 4 🗷
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PLAN PAGE	u answer/	
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The 1960s have toom always been obtobed "the swinging sixties" as a time ay peace and freedown. Where the youth avertook the orbitrary Hack and while stuffyness of the LOS and 50's with their technicalar donce floor filled with music execution and change. Many historians organ that with Britain was the place to be aring this Era unat with Wilson's unite had heat technological revulution and Ray Jenkin permissive society grides creating a platform for freedom among young voices. However, the influence of the old, extends aliquely establishment stul prevalent throughout the era showever establishment stul prevalent throughout the era showever a short out to the sixties mentacks.

Firstly, Prime Minister Harald Wilson's premise of a technological revaluation and his connections with the youth eculture of Britain such as his normal Huddersfield, grammors school bookgrand and his run-ins with popular stan such earthe Beatles, Jomes Banch and the coast of Commation Sheet provided a new hope for the modernisation of British rules as "young to and hip." With his 1963 unveiling all the Post affice tower as a symbol by modernisation with it being the talled and most expensive building on British sail created hope for a new era. Furthermore the modernisation of Birmingham with into the inhoduction of modern highways, shopping malls such as "the Bull King Shopping Cantre" and creation

(This page is for your second answer) of Apartment buildings further engraved the Wilson Era es symbolic of "the swinging sixties"

However the underlying economic issues such as high intralian and a humangous balance of payments deficit limited the impact at the swininging sixties on Britain. & Britain had a heavy reliance an American loans since their coaltion in WWII; from post wer locus to Marshall aid. This tramengers told made britein the number one depter nation are ey the biggest debter nation at the time. Furthermore, incompetency in indianry resulted in lack of quality and bad pricing on British goods while & Japan & Gremony were violently succeeding Britain in trade and economics. Furthermore the £400 billion pe of Payments deficil inherited from the Tong party further illustrates how deep Britain really was in its pool of financial houses. This lack of financial means resulted in limitation on the import of the "swining sixties" on great Brokein Furthermore the sevents of the 3-day week and Winter of discontent in 1973 and 1979 respectively Showocased the attack all control in British palities. Is it really possible to incorporate a to country running on conductight in the early 70's copport of the scurnging sixties movement?

However, Roy Jenkin's permissive society and the elements of youthful enerpresent in modern British history depict

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(This page is for your second answer) a Society fiercely intouch with the sixties. Roy Jentin's actions as Britain's most liberal Home secretary such as the abortion act, homosexuality act, theathe consciship act and such were a perfectly symbolic representation by the openness and change oncritated with that eray. The most "sixties" of these acts would have to be the theathe sensorship act os it give Britain the freedom of expression with shows such as "Hair" and "welcome to Calcutta" using nucly and sex as an ortatic device to showcase Britains freedoms from esteublishment repression and structure judgement. The 1964 music jestival in Britain feat called Pink Flayd and Yoko one and its man earthering of exam. hippy and park youths was one ay the biggest milestene of British "sixties" history especially commendable was loto Ono's unique stripping presentation where the audience used Scinas to and ays & stryp ay a morelin alathes. The Furthermore, David Bowie's appearance on the scene in 1972 as a bisexual cross dressing Pop ortist singing about fentory me illustrates the yearing of excapism prevalent dring the Errs. There was still however the stifting control of the adder generation breathing dam the neck of this exciting era teeming with possibility. For example the 400 complaints to the BBC fer airing as a heartfully graphic scene

af an a backalley abortion in one of their hid shows

(This page is for your second answer) in 1963 and the banning of the critically adding fim "the dockwork Grong" that seemingly his too alse to home. Furthermore, the persenance of the elitist establishment throughout this era justher display the limitations of the "sixties" impact on Britain. Becase the preservation of the hierarchial class shocture means that the culture of precion and free expression gailed to sahrade # the Bridish society to its Juli patential. In conclusion, to a longe extent, The sixties made a big Impact on Britain in the 1960s and 70% tometations by way of Wilsons white hat how and the loosing of the reigns on Free expression: However the limitations of economic injertility and Snobbish ald people and upperdones poses athreat to the sixties attitude. Although the sixties did make on impact to a large extend the impact od experience imitations.

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